Lepidoptera of South and Central Cornwall — Supplement.—The following species can now be added to the original list published in the Entomologist's Record, vol. 85 (12): 273-276. The insects were kindly identified for me by Dr J. D. Bradley of the British Museum (Nat. Hist.). Reference should be made to the original paper for the key to locality abbreviations. TORTRICOIDEA (contd.):—Acleris latifasciana Haw. (M); A. aspersana Hübn. (C); Bactra lancealana Hübn. (Retallock); Brachmia gerronella Zett. (M); Cnephasia interjectana (Haw). (GM); C. stephensiana Doubl. (M.P.); Cydia succedana D. & S. (R); Epinotia nisella Cl. (GM); E. tenerana D. & S. (M.P); Epiphyas postvittana Wkr. (P); Eupoecilia angustana Hubn. (M); Olethreutes lacunana D. & S. (Clift.) — Jane E. Marshall, 37 Layton Crescent, Croydon, Surrey, CRO 4EA.

ABNORMAL LARVAE OF PAPILIO DEMODOCUS ESP. (LEP.: PAPILIONIDAE).—Two larvae, out of a number reared in connection with experiments in pupal dimorphism, were abnormal in their final instar. The abnormality consisted of the presence of small subdorsal points on the 8th, 9th, 10th and 11th somites, vestiges of the scoli of the earlier instars, in addition to the usual small scoli on the 12th somite.

A somewhat similar larva of the closely allied *Papilio demoleus* was reared in Calcutta and recorded by me (1948, *Entomologist*, **81**: 199). — D. G. SEVASTOPULO, F.R.E.S., P.O. Box 95026, Mombasa, Kenya.

ATOLMIS RUBRICOLLIS L. ON THE CORNISH COAST. — While staving in Mullion, Mr J. Messenger and I motored over to the vicinity of Helston on 24th June to visit the Loe, the large lake to the south of the town. We parked our car near Porthleven and walked nearly a mile along the rough path of a low cliff. When we reached the beach bordering the lake my companion showed me a specimen of the Red-necked Footman he had caught flying at the entrance to the beach. The weather was overcast with a slight wind and the time was 3.30 p.m. Shortly afterwards at this same spot the whole air seemed full of these footmen flying up from the short grass by the beach. We caught several and one more about half an hour later flushed apparently from the beach itself, altogether a most unusual site for this insect and especially in dull weather. We did not see them anywhere else. The nearest large trees seemed to have no lichen on their trunks. In fact the only lichen we could find was on some old wall, so whence their origin? Were they breeding nearby or had they flown in across the sea. usual habitat is woods where they fly freely in sunshine, sometimes in great numbers. We kept a female which obliged with a large batch of ova, so have high hopes of breeding them.-C. G. M. DE WORMS, Three Oaks, Shores Road, Horsell, Woking, Surrey. 2.vii.1974.